Dystopian knowledge organiser

DYSTOPIAN FICTION	Concepts	Key terminology		
Definition / Etymology: The OED defines a dystopia as "an imaginary place or condition in which everything is as bad as possible". The opposite of utopia (an ideal society).	 Conventions of dystopia: Controlling citizens in society Restricting independent thought A leader or concept is worshipped by citizens Citizens fear the outside world Citizens conform to expectations A dystopian protagonist: Will often will trapped and unable to escape Believes that something is terribly wrong with the society in which they live Lacks the selfish nature of those in power 	Utopia Dystopia Dehumanised Dictatorship Totalitarianism Tyrannical Oppressive Propaganda Revolution	Conformity Free will Surveillance Manipulation Corruption Isolation Fear Indoctrination Suppression	
Key Texts	 Typical dystopian settings: Futuristic industrial cities Destroyed natural habitat High levels of surveillance 	between	The Russian Revolution began in 1917. The communist, Bolshevik government, led by	
Divergent series, Veronica Roth. Noughts and Crosses, Malorie Blackman. The Hunger Games, Susan Collins.	Trigil levels of surveillative	.	Lenin, ruled until 1924. Lenin was succeeded by Stalin. The period was characterised by an increasing mistrust of diversity, intrusive surveillance and genocide.	
The Mazer Runner, James Dashner. Brave New World, Aldous Huxley.	Relevant Terminology	20 th c	Huge technical advancements led people to believe that there would be no need for human labour by the end of the century.	
Animal Farm, 1984, George Orwell.		1939-1945		

A Handmaid's Tale, Margaret Attwood.	Totalitarianism: a political ideology in which all power is placed in the hands of a small minority or an individual.		World War II. The Tehran Conference, 1943, implied a splitting of the world into 3 'blocs'.
	Utopia: Siir Thomas More, who coined the term, meant it as a pun on both the Greek words 'no place' – 'outopos' – and 'good place' – 'eutopos'.	2008	The Global Financial Crash left many people, especially the young, feeling disenfranchised.